HAVEN

LGBTQ + REFUGE & COMMUNITY CENTRE



SECTION BC

THE ISSUE

Throughout history the LGBTQ+ community has faced much prejudice and abuse, constantly under fire from by religion, society and politics. In many second and third world countries political and societal homophobia is still prevalent. Since the turn of the century LGBTQ+ rights in first world countries have seen many advances. However, these advances are under threat from restrictive practises and legislation even in countries such as the United States. The Rwanda deportation bill in the UK directly effects LGBTQ+ asylum seekers.

The global LGBTQ+ community is under attack, so as designers how can we help?

This brief is designed to respond to the concerns around global LGBTQI+ rights and the failing UK immigration system. In 2021 the BBC reported that in six countries, now seven, homosexuality is still **punishable by death** with 69 countries in total **criminalising homosexuality** and many more with engrained **social homophobia**. Some LGBTQI+ refugees in the UK have shared their stories of claiming asylum, shedding light on the failures of the Home Office.



LGBTQ+ Refugee Pride

UNSAFE COUNTRIES

DEATH PENALTY

AFGHANISTAN,
ALGERIA,
ANTIGUA &BARBUDA,
BANGLADESH,
BARBADOS,
BHUTAN,
BRUNEI,
BURUNDI,
CAMEROON,
CHAD,
COMOROS,
COOK ISLANDS,
DOMINICA,
EGYPT,
ERITREA,
ESWATINI,
ETHIOPIA,
GAMBIA,

GRENADA, GUINEA, GUYANA, IRAN, JAMAICA, KENYA, KIRIBATI, KUWAIT, LEBANON LIBERIA, LIBYA, MALAWI, MALAYSIA, MALDIVES, MAURITANIA,

MAURITIUS, MOROCCO,



COUNTRIES CRIMINALISE HOMOSEXUALITY WITH PRISON SENTENCES



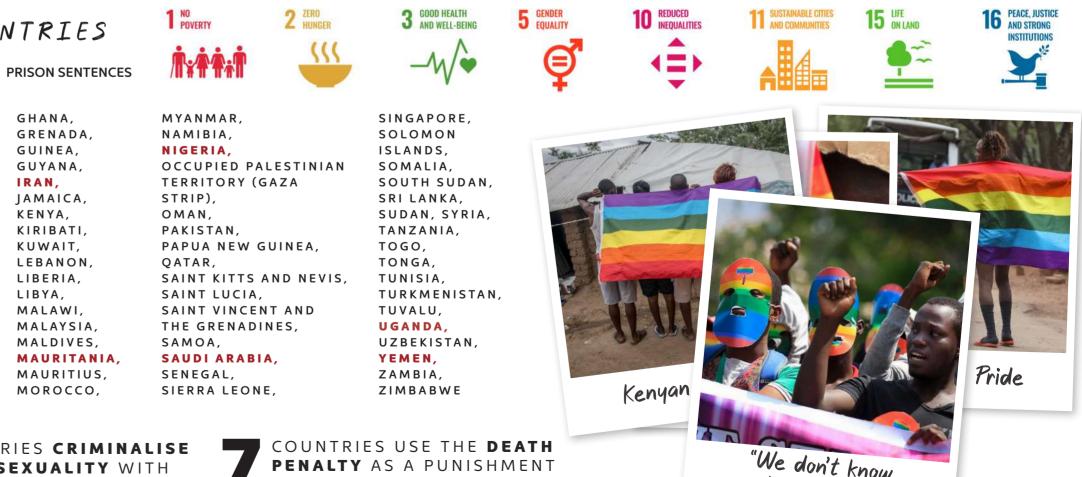
The Rainbow in the Storm

PROJECT BRIEF

Haven is an LGBTQ+ community and refuge centre in Bristol's 'gay village': Old Market. Providing safe refuge for vulnerable LGBTQ+ asylum seekers is the primary motivation for Haven. Bringing the **community together** is at the heart of the space, whilst also providing support services to help with personal healing and expression.

Understanding the users, their past, present and future needs whilst understanding the community as a whole was vital for the success of the project. The project explored how **castle architecture** can be harnessed and **modernised to protect the vulnerable community** and give them a new **home**. Haven is a place where its inhabitants **feel safe** and protected, a place where they can express themselves freely and a place where a **family and community is built**.

Haven is not just a home for the Bristol LGBTQ+ community, but a beacon of refuge for the global LGBTQ+ community.



FOR HOMOSEXUAL ACTS

"We don't know where to flee"

THE REAL PEOPLE

ASYLUM SEEKER



STAYCEY SHE I HER

Sexual Orientation: Lesbian Age: 44 Birth Country: Nigeria **Asylum Application: 2018** Refuge Status: Denied / on going

BACKGROUND

Staycey fled Nigeria when her local community discovered her sexuality and was nearly killed in an homophobic attack. When she came to the UK she felt the crippling loneliness, not knowing who she could trust. So far Staycey's applications for asylum have been rejected. After two months in a **detention centre** Staycey was left homeless and pushed from sofa to sofa. Staycey could be living in safety at Haven whilst she is waiting to go to court to fight her case for asylum.



PROTECTIVE CONCEPT

What if the castle 'defence in depth' strategy was used to protect the community?

CASTLE & FORTRESS ARCHITECTURE

As a response to the vulnerability of the community, the project concept revolves around the idea of architectural defence and protection. Built for battle, castle and fortresses are the ultimate example of architecture **designed for protection**. The **multi-layed** approach to defence not only protects its inhabitants but also creates a contained community. Even though architectural practices have evolved, the protective strategy can be translated into modern applications.

CONCEPT NARRATIVE



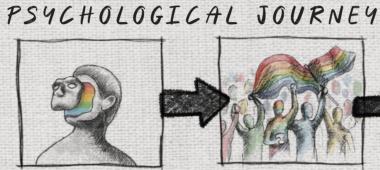
OUTER WALL OUTER WARD DRAWBRIDGE MOAT GATE HOUSE VIEWING TOWER INNER WARD

INTERPRETATION EXTERIOR WALLS COURTYARD DRAWBRIDGE MOAT SUPPORT SERVICES VIEWING BALCONIES INTERIOR COURTYARD

Starting with looking at what the traditional layers of architecture are and then giving them a modern interpretation. Diagrams helped to explore this guickly within the context of my site. A series of models were then used to explore this diagrams in 3D. From this exploration it was found than an offset facade allowed for the ultimate protective barrier, completed with a flower moat and drawbridge. Internal courtyards were then introduced to complete the main architectural design features.



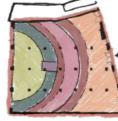
SKETCH DIAGRAM - CENTRAL FORT



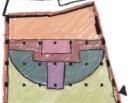














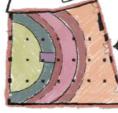


ТНЕ КЕЕР

ACCOMMODATION















STRATEGY MAQUETTE - BRIDGE

STRATEGY MAOUETTE - CORNER FORT

STRATEGY MAQUETTE - RADIAL

STRATEGY MAQUETTE - CENTRAL FORT

1 10 00 00 00 00



TRADITION \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow

LOCAL COMMUNITY

JAMIE HE I HIM

Sexual Orientation: Gay Age: 24 Birth Country: England **Asylum Application:** N/A **Refuge Status: N/A**

BACKGROUND

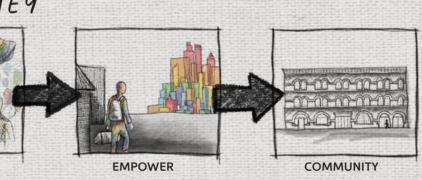
Jamie was born and raised in a very traditional and **religious family**. His parents embraced his sexuality when he came out at university. However, he didn't feel comfortable in his conservative village. After university Jamie moved to Bristol for career opportunities. Haven could provide Jamie a safe and easy way to join the Bristol LGBTQ+ community by providing social spaces and community groups such as a queer book club.



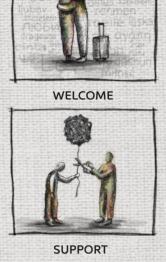
THE COMMUNITY

Haven aims to unite the LGBTQ+ community in Bristol with the micro community of LGBTQ+ asylum seekers & refugees. This is a diverse, multi-cultural, intergenerational community that has faced abuse, prejudice and injustice. Taking a psychological approach allows for a more sensitive and empathetic response that designs for real people, with real lives.

COMMUNITY VALUES









CONNECTION



STRATEGY MODELS

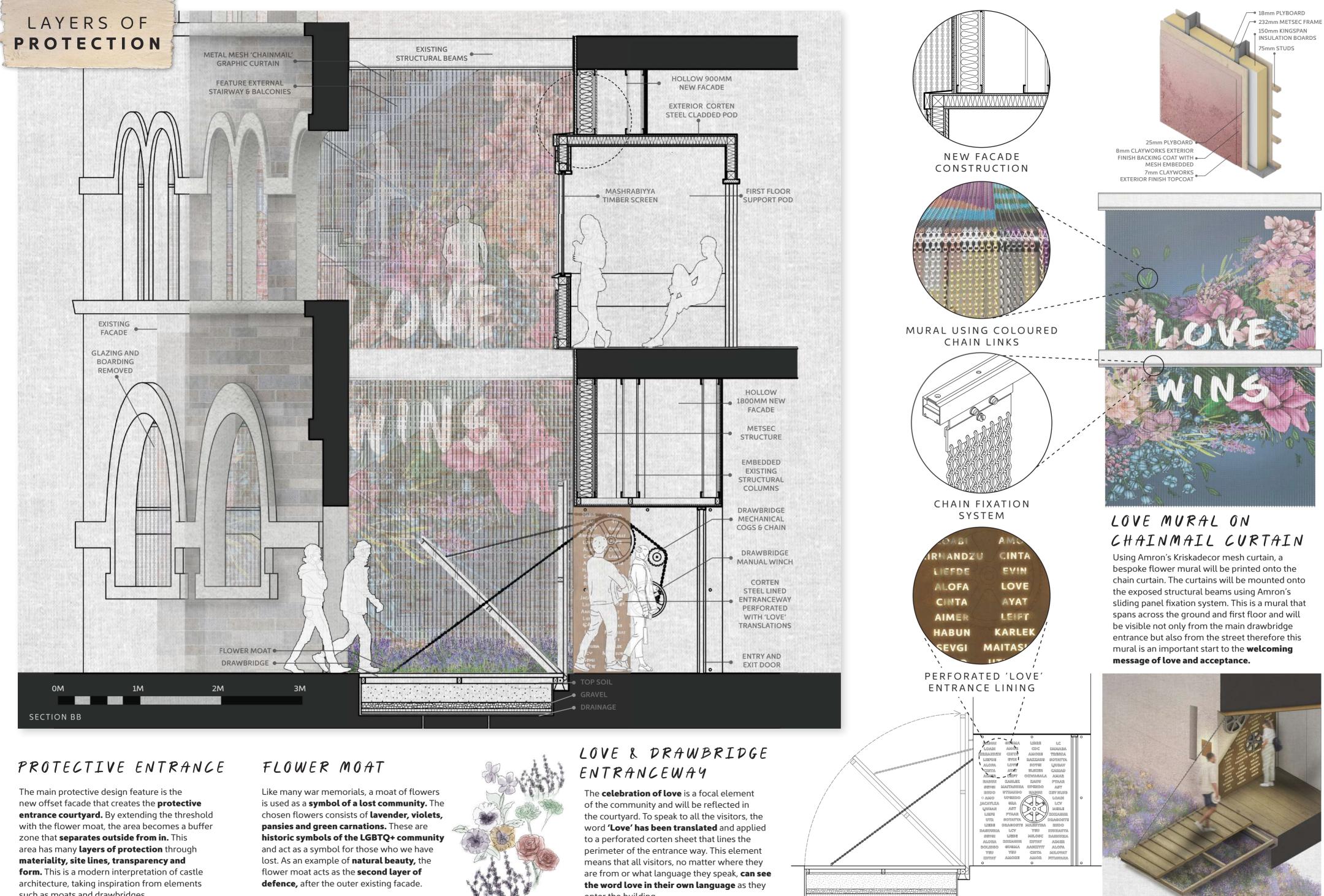




SECTION AA







such as moats and drawbridges.



enter the building.



SECTION DD



COMING TOGETHER

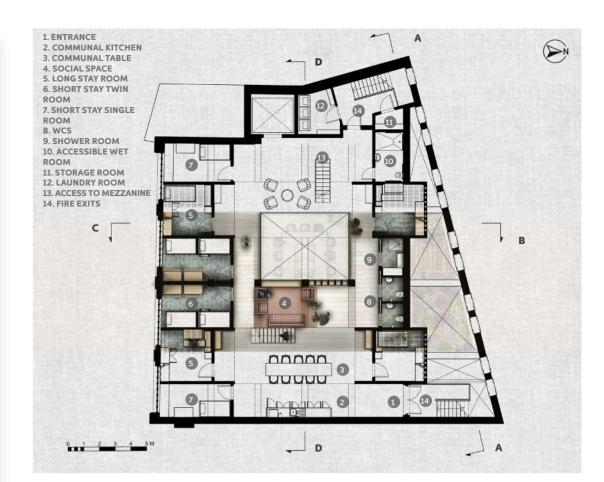
The focus of the ground floor is to create spaces where **people** can come together. Instead of a conventional cafe, the open plan **culture kitchen** is allows the community to grab a coffee or cook together. The kitchen flows into the Banquet Courtyard, this is the ideal space for the **community to share a meal, hold events** or group meetings. The Winter Garden responds to community feedback asking for green spaces.



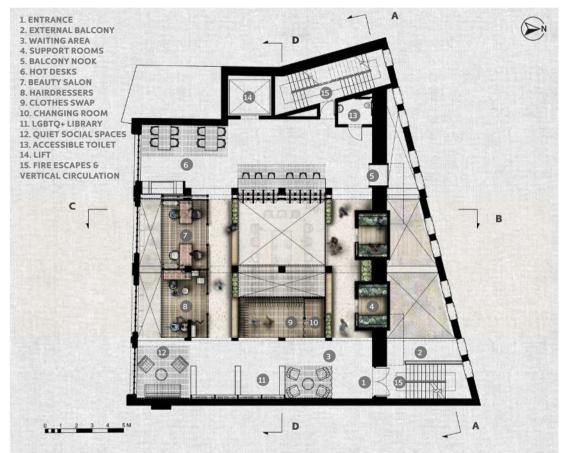
SELF EXPRESSION

Healing being the common theme of the first floor, the self expression booths provide services such as a clothes swap, hair and beauty salons. This provides the users the freedom to heal and express themselves whatever way they wish. Quiet spaces are great for those looking to relax and retreat. This aims to bring people together through shared reading experiences and would support community book clubs.

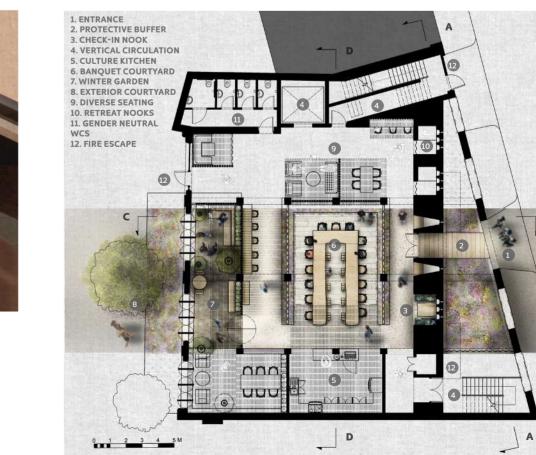




SECOND FLOOR HOME



FIRST FLOOR **HEAL**



GROUND FLOOR CONNECT

REFUGE ACCOMMODATION

The second floor is reserved just for the asylum seeking residents, to **provide them safe home**. For many who are new, going down to the wider community spaces on the ground and first floor may be too daunting, so these communal spaces on the second floor are a **haven and refuge.** To connect upper level accommodation rooms, neighbour nooks provide more **intimate and cosy areas**. Haven is more than just refuge accommodation, it is a **home and a** beacon for vulnerable LGBTQ+ people.

COLOUR & MATERIALITY

Protective, honest and transparent materials

MATERIALITY

Biophilic design has proved that the **connection** to nature is an effective tool in promoting health and well-being, especially relating to the users' psychological experience of a space. A multilayered sensory approach has been considered with material's look, feel, scent and its effect on acoustics.

'Haven' revolves around safety and protection, not just physically, but also mentally. Therefore, health and well-being are embedded throughout the scheme's materiality. Selected to reflect this narrative, materials used will be **low in VOCs** to help with air quality, acoustics and thermal insulation. The existing stone and brick façades has a protective and strong character. Internally, timber cladding and metal mesh curtains continue the protective nature by creating enclosed spaces but also allow for partial transparency. To reduce the need for new materials, scrapped timber from site demolition can be used for the internal timber cladding.

COLOUR

Following biophilic design principles to focus on the beauty of natural colours. These earthy tones will make up the base of the colour palette to emphasise the **honesty and healing quality** of the space. Flowers, gradient Clayworks and stained panelling brings **subtle colour** to the architecture. Generally spaces for the LGBTQ+ community tend to be saturated in colour from the pride flag, however, in Haven the building aims to be a neutral canvas so that the vibrancy and colour from people in the community can be celebrated.

