

Site



CLIMATE EMERGENCY

My whole final project scheme is a response to our Climate Emergency. I want to attract various groups of people into exploring the different exhibitions that explore and express climate change through art. **Rising water level, wildfire and air pollution** are the 3 main topics with each and their own exhibition, that is represented through a chosen art installation/artwork. They tackle the serious topics through art to further attract people in, but also making use of sustainable building tactics and material choices that are sustainable and efficient.

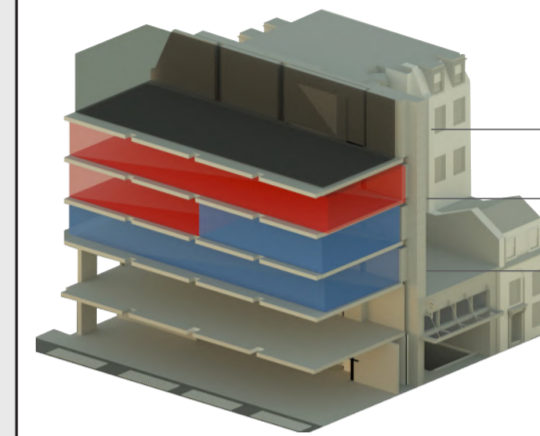
Oxford Street is one of the most polluted areas, where the terrible air quality breaches the legal limit 80% of the time. Transportation plays a factor in it, therefore reducing the amount of carbon emission is a step the centre will take, and it will play a part in encouraging visitors into using other source of transportation that are more sustainable.

CLIMATE CHANGE

GALLERY AND EXHIBITION CENTRE



PERMANENT EXHIBITIONS

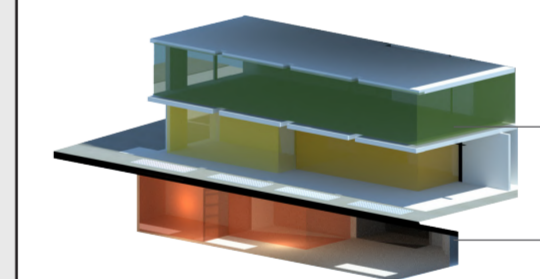


AIR POLLUTION
WILDFIRES
RISING SEA LEVELS

TEMPORARY EXHIBITIONS

This will be followed by temporary exhibitions that will keep visitors into coming back to see the next exhibition displayed. All exhibitions relate to the following climate change subject this includes the gallery

EDUCATIONAL



WORKSHOP
SEMINAR ROOM

In response to the Westminster Greener City and Zero Carbon city action plan methods the exhibition centre takes the different points made in the **green city action plan** applying it in the design, but also systemically by encouraging people into environmental action.

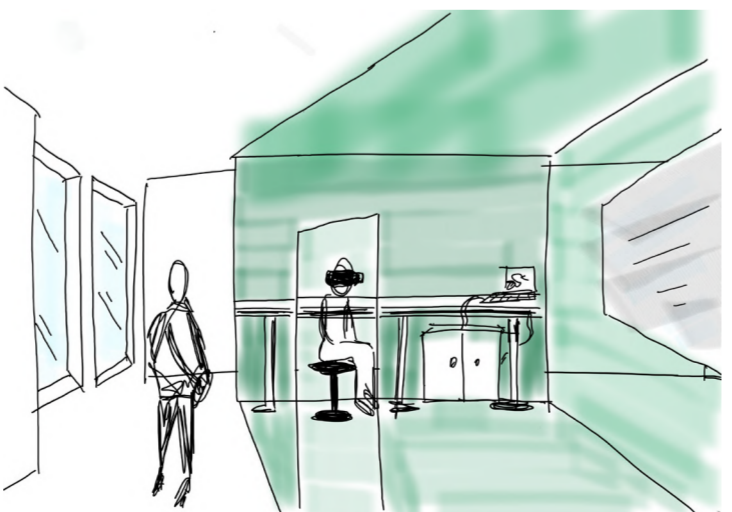
WASTE RESOURCE

COMMUNICATING AND ENCOURAGING PEOPLE INTO ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION

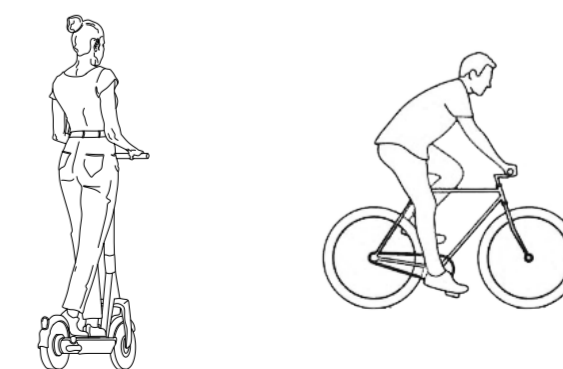
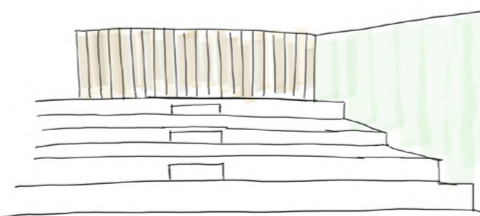
SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT SYSTEM FOR WESTMINSTER



Waste reduction plan targeting the shop and cafeteria in the museum



The goal of the museum is for it to be a learning experience that also inspires people to be part of the **climate change discourse**

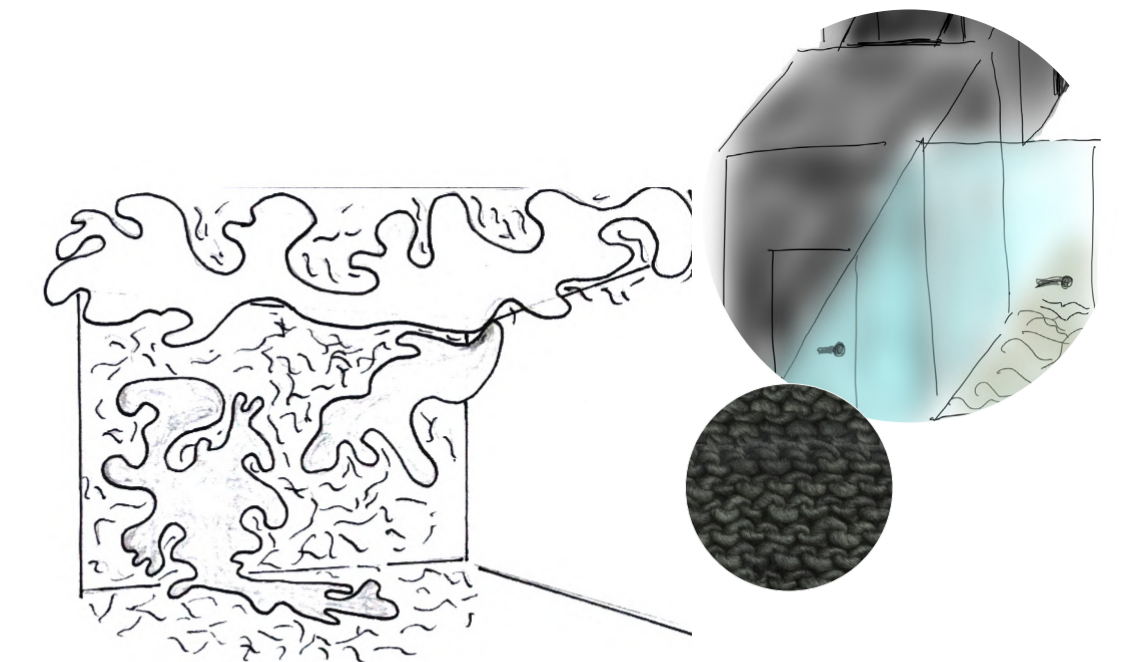
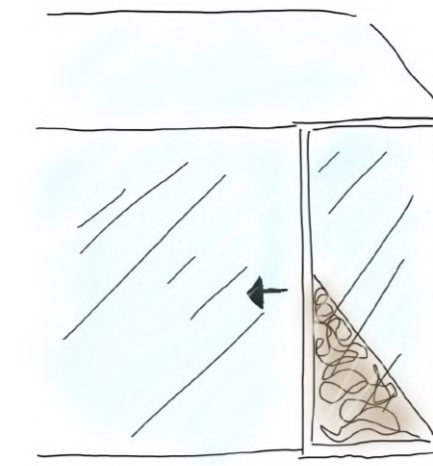


The site is attached to the Bond Street underground station allowing people to travel directly to the centre in a sustainable way

SUSTAINABILITY

The materials were carefully chosen to fit the designed installation, but also represent the climate change issue being displayed, while being eco-friendly and sustainable.

The main material in the air pollution exhibition 'Life of a neuron' is wool. A wool rug within the life of a neuron premises allows people to have a sensational experience that does not only stop with visuals, but also touch. Wool is natural, renewable and recyclable.



Collection of dust and dirt from the wool representing pollution

The change of texture on the floor upon entering the new space

Combination of soft material and projection

ARTWORK + INSTALLATIONS



GLACIER DREAMS

RIISING SEA LEVELS

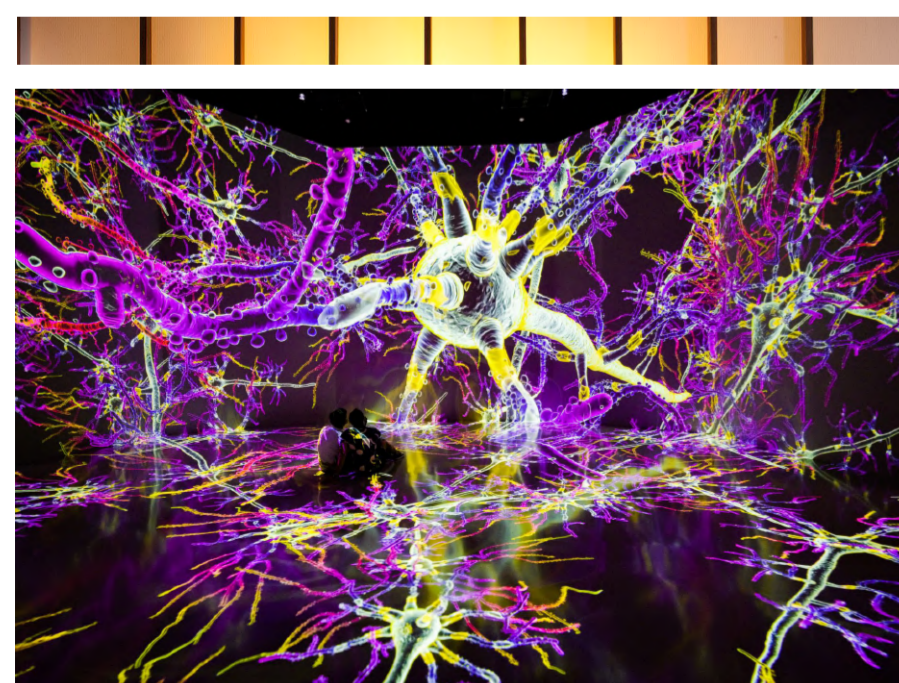
The rising sea levels installation explores the concept of **escaping the rising water levels**. Glacier dreams being the main exhibit shows the art installation by immersing people into the experience.



WALK INTO WILDFIRE

WILDFIRE

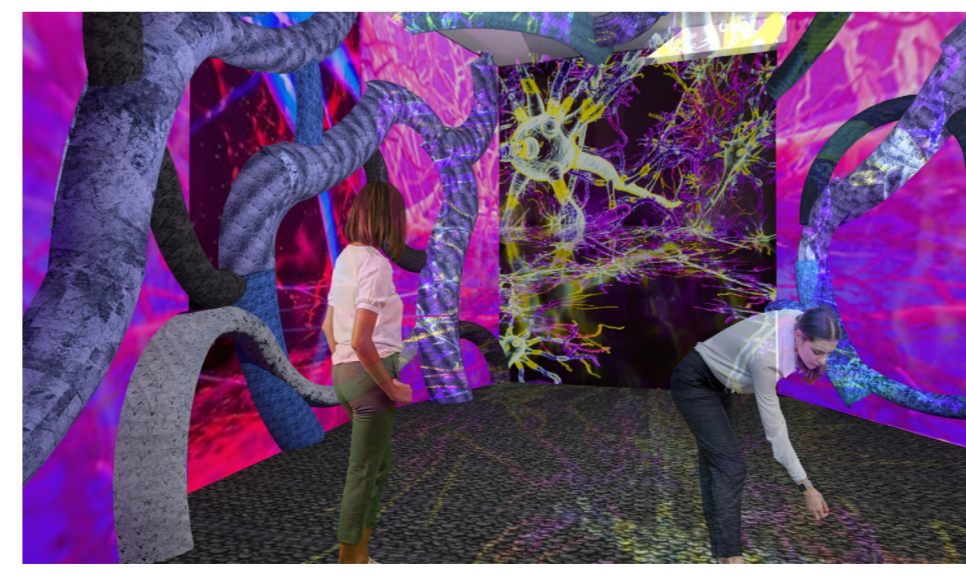
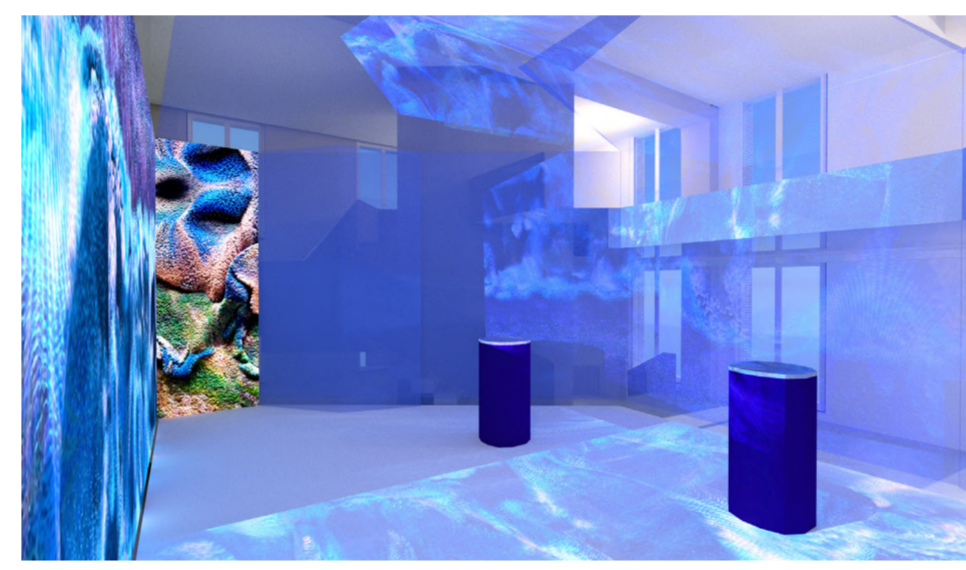
This project has been installed in different ways in different environments, but they all communicate the same message. Mainly giving people an **immersive experience of the wildlife**, while also **communicating the danger it imposes to all life**



LIFE OF A NEURON

AIR POLLUTION

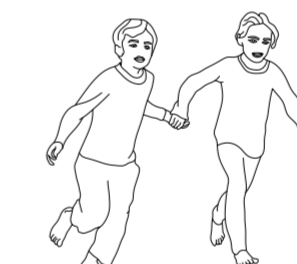
In the final exhibition the focus is on health, **the effect air pollution has on the brain**, how it can cause several **diseases** like Parkinsons and Alzheimer's disease. Heightened sense of smell and other symptoms occur because of the exposure of the chemicals in the air. This exhibition will focus on the experience of touch and sensation on people within the installation.



Moving and video images

VISITOR + USER EXPERIENCE

The journey of the space incites people to move through the various phases of climate change, using it as a learning experience different from the ones we are used to see, but instead use art to express this serious topic bringing in all types of people to the centre.

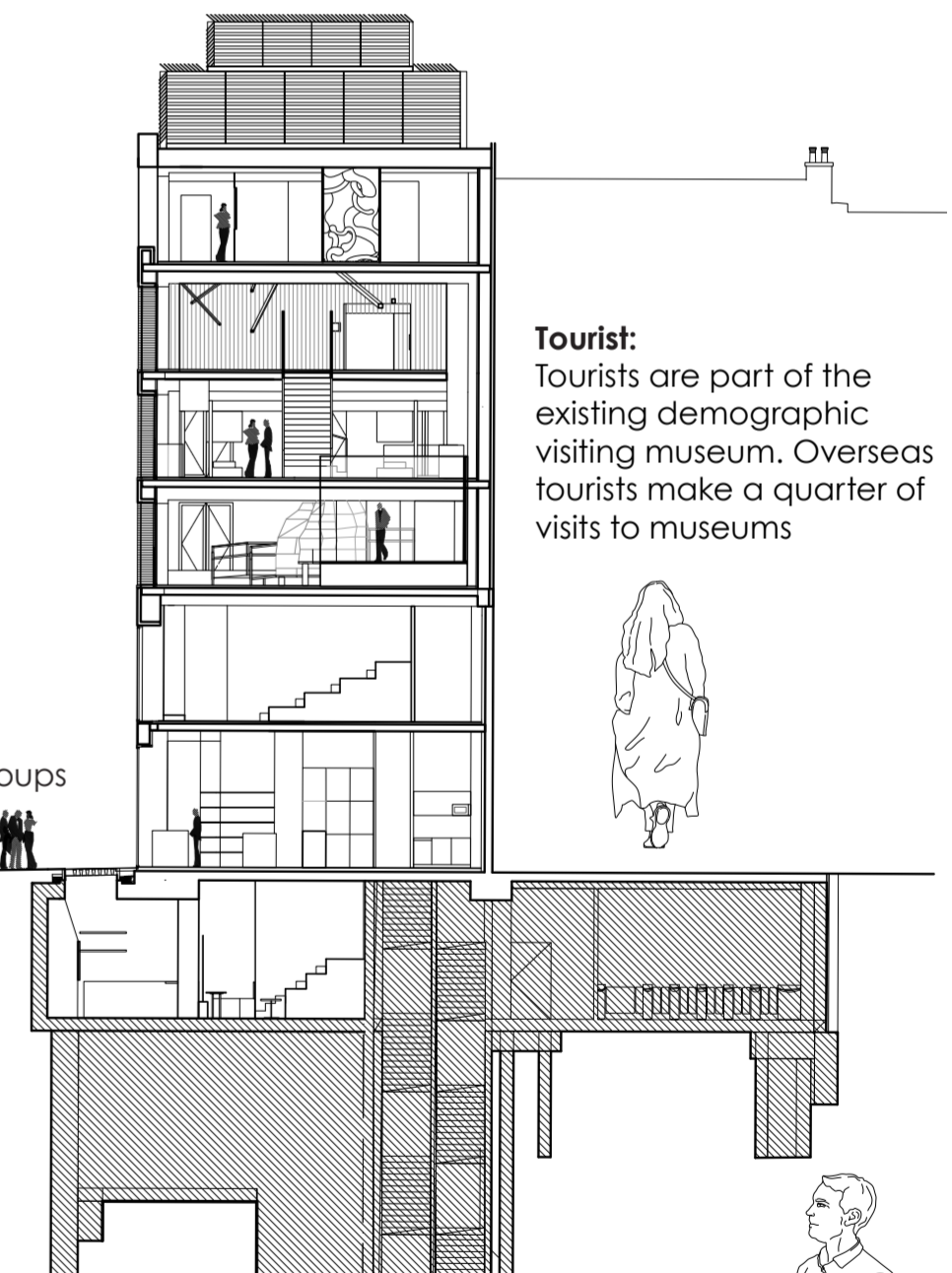


Child friendly:
Suitable for children and groups ex: institutional groups



E scooter rack:
Sustainable transport system

SHORT SECTION

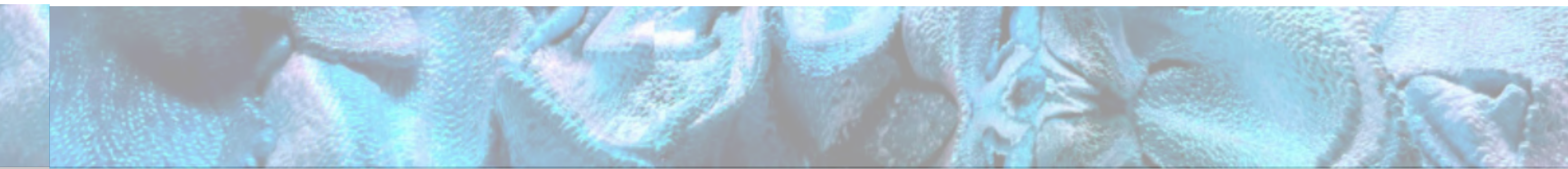


Tourist:
Tourists are part of the existing demographic visiting museum. Overseas tourists make a quarter of visits to museums



Adults:
Open for professional in the climate change field, but unexperienced people coming to have a different learning experience





The ramp creates a journey that depicts **the escapism of the rising water levels and as you go up you see the water beneath you.** To represent glaciers, rooms that look like icebergs were made from glass, with different colours, angled as shown in the Iceland glaciers. The colours reflect inside creating a unique experience. The first landing is for the gallery where artwork relating to rising water levels are displayed while the second "iceberg" is for the temporary exhibition.

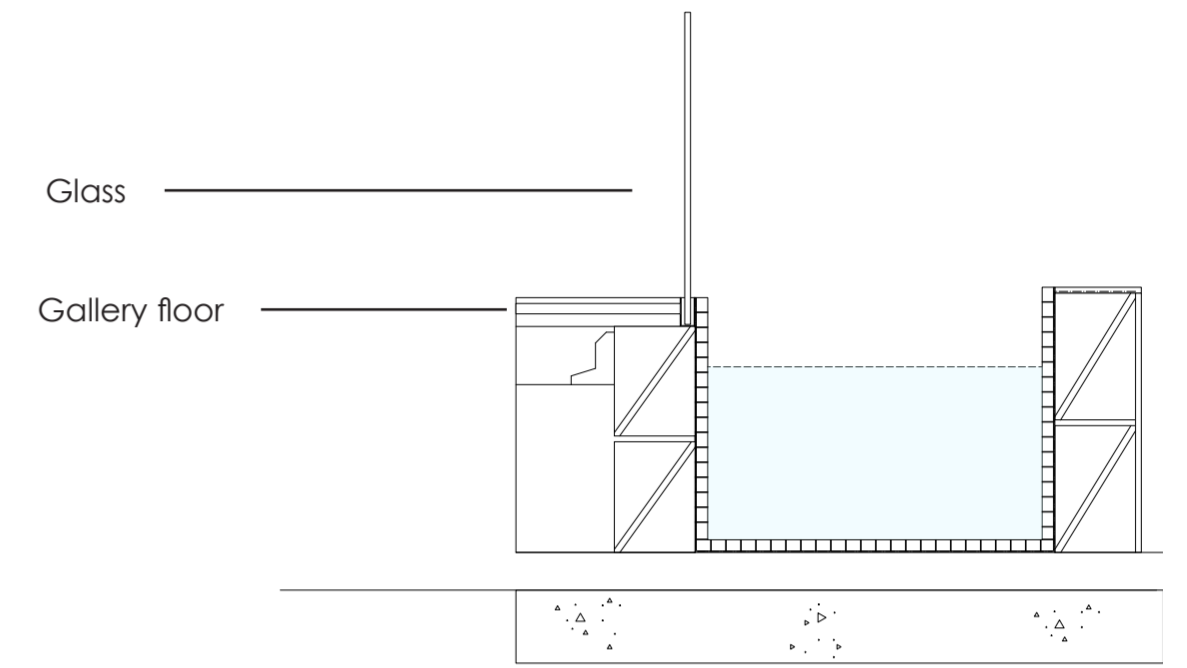


Glacier dreams shown on screen and projected on the tent

RISING SEA LEVEL

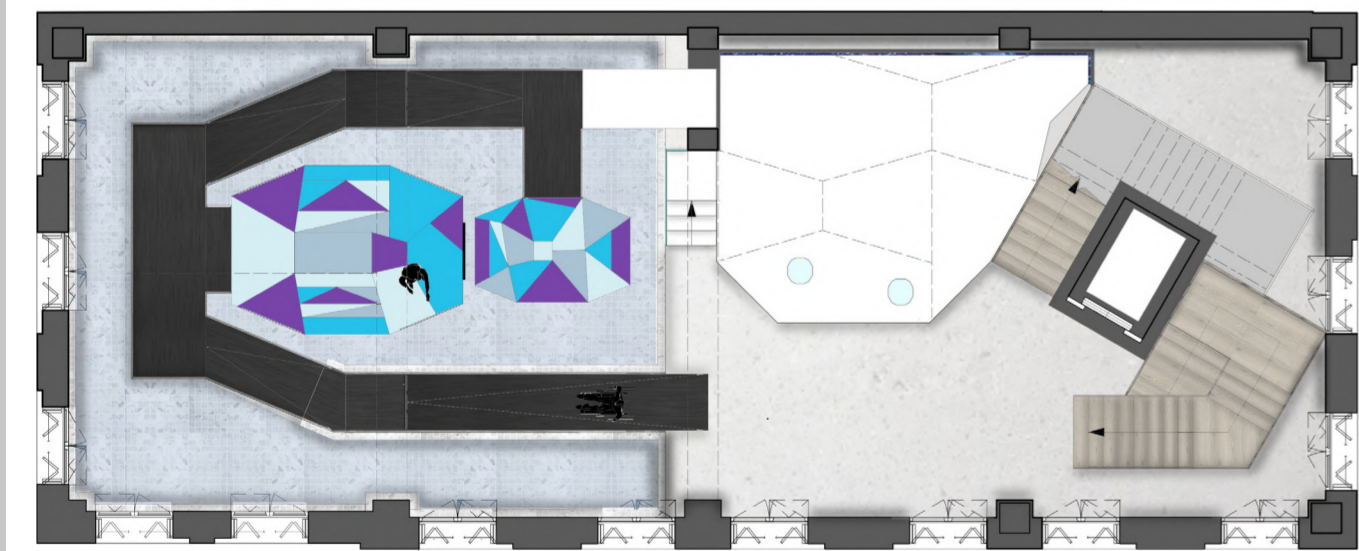
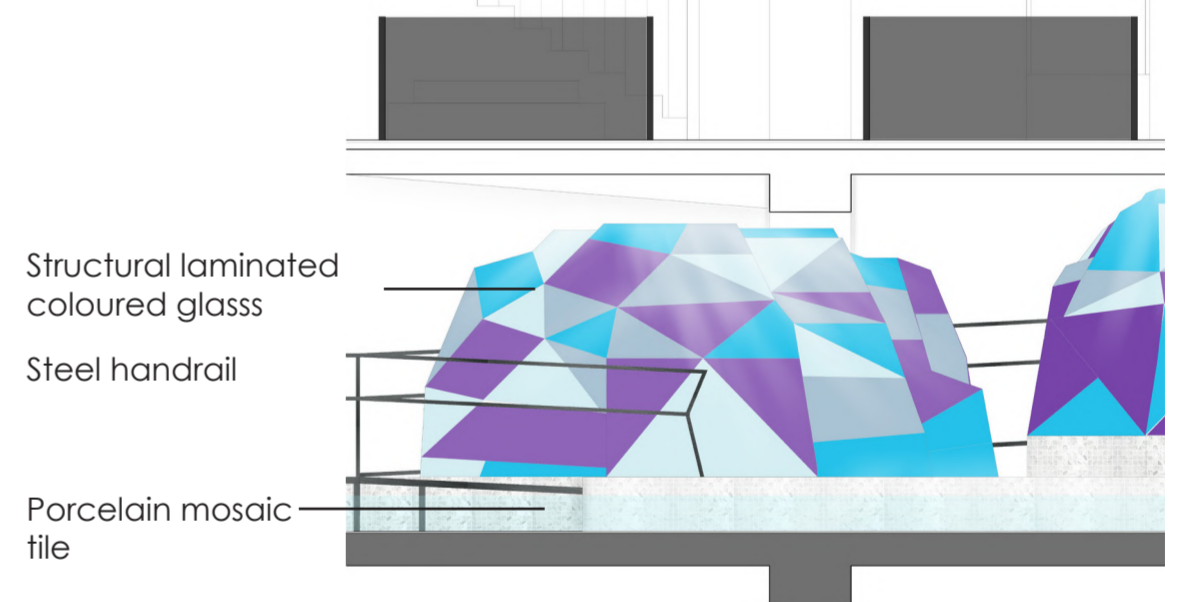
The Glacier dreams installation created by Refik Anadol is about melting memories. The AI painted installation is presented as an immersive multisensorial activating experience where sound, light and scent unite. Glacier Dreams investigates the geological and aesthetic formation of the glacier in Iceland but is ultimately to also raise awareness about the rising sea levels.

WATER TANK DETAIL SECTION



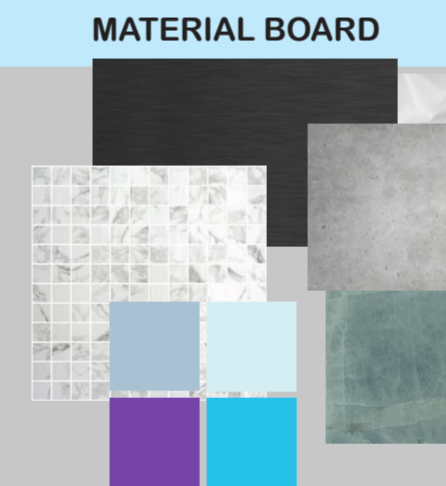
Detail of the water tank surrounding the ramp. The water level is 300mm deep, glazed porcelain tile covering the concrete block. The tank is the only part of the interior that uses concrete.

RAMP DETAIL SECTION



PORCELAIN

Used for the tiles of the tank and flooring of the gallery and exhibition. Porcelain tiles are made from natural materials making it sustainable, it is stand long, very little waste is produced, easily maintained with efficient manufacturing process.



STEEL

The steel is used on the handrail and also support the ramp from beneath. It is infinity recyclable and can be melted down and the quality will remain the same.

ORGANZA

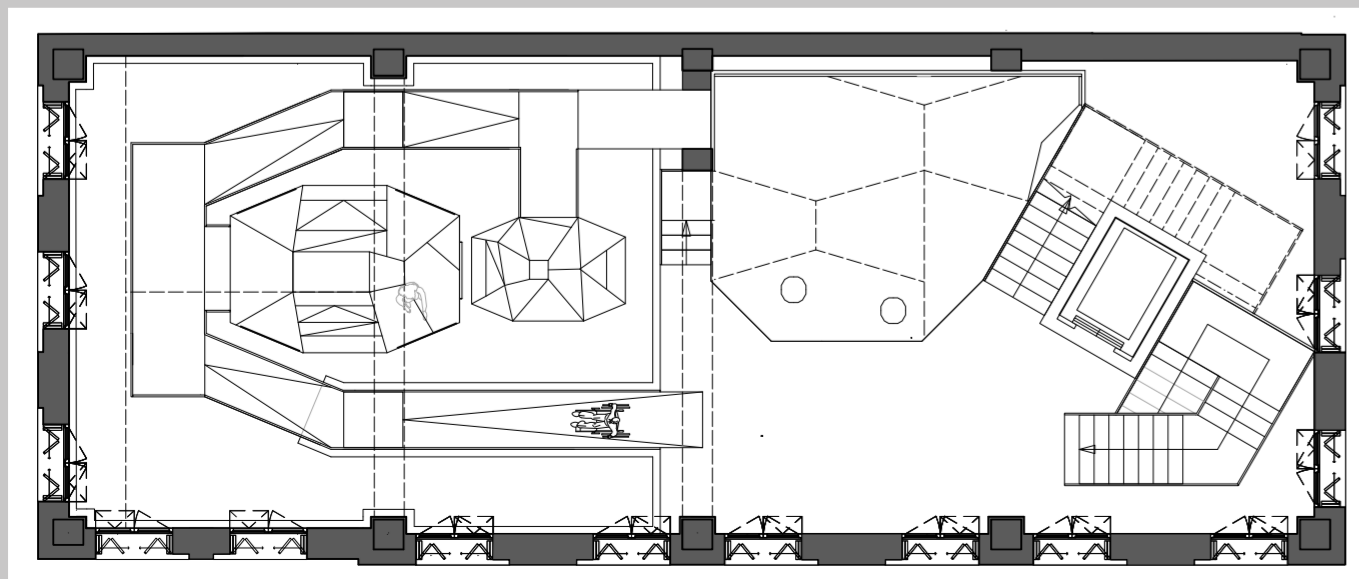
Organza fabric used in the glacier dreams exhibit allowing the installation to be visible through the other side. This fabric is also recyclable.

GALLERY



GLASS

The material that is mostly used to enclose the spaces within this floor is glass. A sustainable material that is widely recyclable, reduce the amount of waste and is made from raw materials found in nature.



Ramp landing and entrance to the gallery, from this height people can also get a view of the exterior

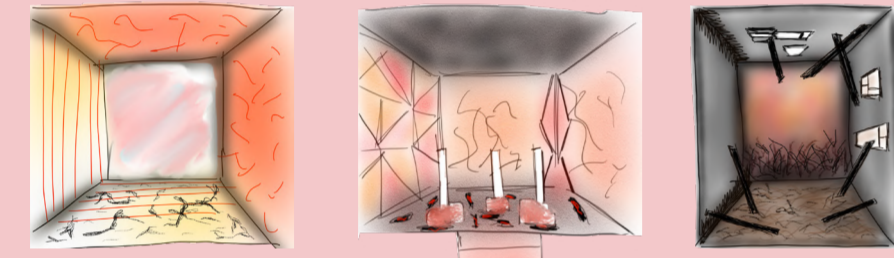
WILDFIRE

In the new exhibit drawn from this project I am to enhance the immersive experience of the visitors creating an installation that communicates all that is portrayed here.

The elevated staircases represent escaping the wildfire. They are suspended on both sides giving people an idea of optional entrances. The only way to get to the next floor is through 'Walk into wildfire' and the lift. There is no external staircase on this floor, forcing people to enter the immersive exhibition.



DESIGN DEVELOPMENT AND MATERIAL EXPLORATION



GALLERY

'On fire' exhibition explores the use of fire as artistic creation, it is displayed facing the video installation



BURNT HOUSE

The burnt house experience displaying destruction and remains of the fallen building



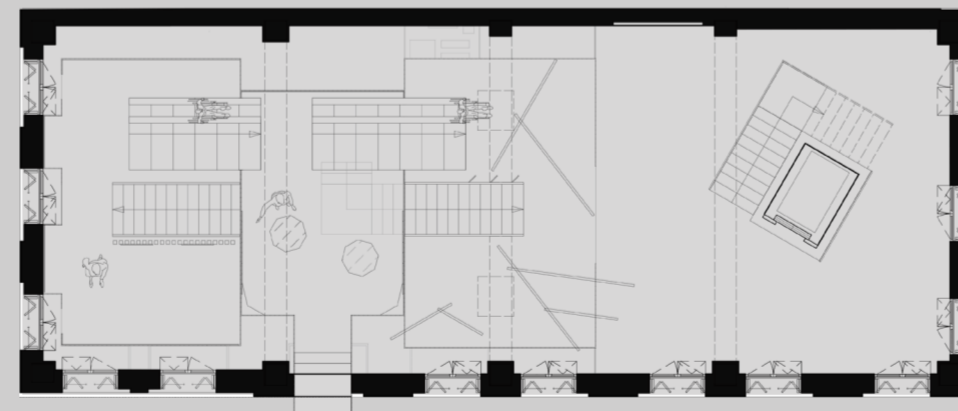
Burnt house
The burnt house sees the final stage and the damage fires cause, showing the building itself collapsing

The better express the wildfire exhibition I am looking at different types of wood and sustainable options. I am looking into the texture of the materials seeing how they correlate with my concept.

Warm room
On this stage the room gets warmer and materials as the acoustic panels enhance that

WALK INTO WILDFIRE

Video installation shown through the walking journey



DESIGN CONCEPT

These rooms explore the different stages and forms fires can affect our surrounding. It starts from the transitional space where the pending staircases represent escaping the current room. After that people will find themselves in the first room that shows 'walk into wildfire' installation on screen and projected on the walls. The next space is the 'warm room' it uses the materials and colour to bring the warmth in, letting people **experience a similar heat to fire**. This room includes the 'walk into wildfire' video installation and an extruded window. The final room sees the **damage of the fire**, Larch charred wood is used, and there are openings on the ceiling and rubble falling to represent a house falling down into destruction because of a fire.



ACOUSTIC WOOD WOOL TILES

To isolate the heat, it is sound absorbent and fireproof. It creates an environment where people can talk, learn and more. It is environmentally friendly and low on emission



SHOU-SUGI-BAN TIMBER

Modern application of the ancient Japanese art of charring timber. Renewable and eco-friendly. The charring process increases its sustainability

WARM ROOM

A space that shows the effect wildfires have in a space, using materials and information





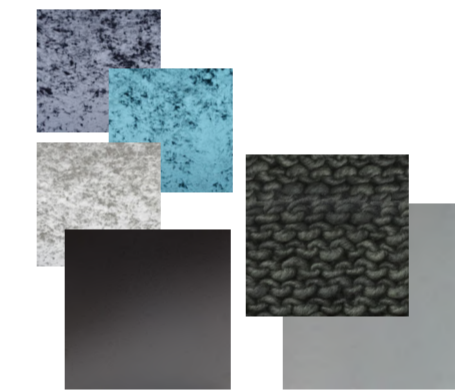
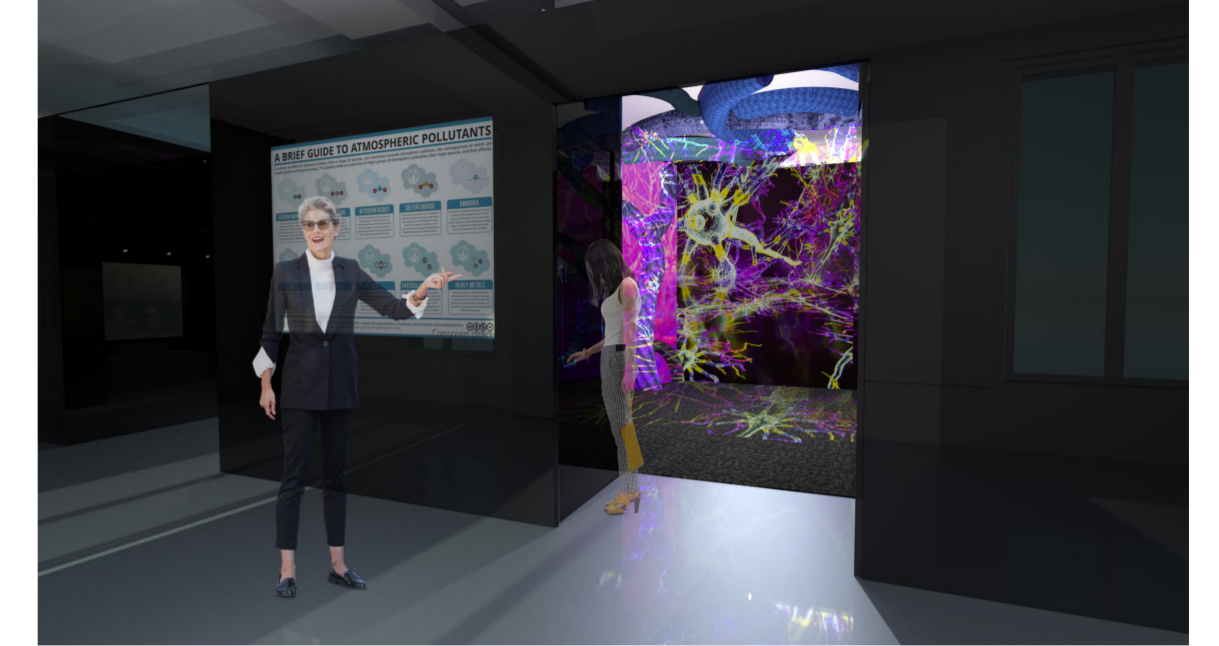
A space where visitors conclude their journey. The final stage where the solution of air pollution is presented. The bright environment embraces that, allowing in fresh air.

AIR PURIFYING ROOM

The last stage of the exhibition centre ends with an air purifying room. It is meant to assemble people finding their way to the solution of the cause and a resting area. In contrary to the exhibition, this room does not overwhelm the visitors with the learning and art sequences, but rather accommodates them into a bright area with fresh air, combatting air pollution.

ENTRANCE TO LIFE OF A NEURON EXHIBIT

Life of a neuron exhibit entrance that allows people to take off their shoes and get immersed in the experience



GALLERY AND TEMPORARY EXHIBITION

People admiring the art gallery confined in glass structure



PLANTS



Spider plant



Epipremnum aereum



Sword Fern



Sansevieria Zeylanica



Kentia Palm

These indoor plants remove harmful toxins, they raise humidity improving the air quality. The effects it has on humans is that it reduces respiratory and skin irritations. They increase the oxygen level and reduce airborne dust

The plants get light from the windows and also through the air curtain

MATERIALS

AIR CURTAIN



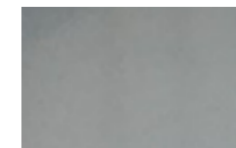
Air curtain on the side wall allowing in light, creates a barrier against pollution and dust. It saves energy and reduces CO2 emission and regulates the temperature.

POLISHED PORCELAIN/CERAMIC



This is the flooring used for the air purifying room. It is durable, can be reused, little waste is produced.

EPOXY RESIN



This colour is used in the air pollution exhibit area and the material is used on all floors of the centre. Bio based epoxy resin floors can be recycled and reduce greenhouse gas emission.

